

Also Sizuoka prefecture has monitoring cesium radioactive 19 areas tea gardens and the average rate of cesium refined tea was Ichibancha 266Bq/kg (100%), Nibancha 149Bq/kg (56%), and Akihuyubancha was 44Bq/kg (17%)

From these results, the Ichibancha teas 2012 (1st flush tea, new crop tea) Sizuoka prefecture's radioactive would be further very safe and distributors handle and consumers drink safely and easily.

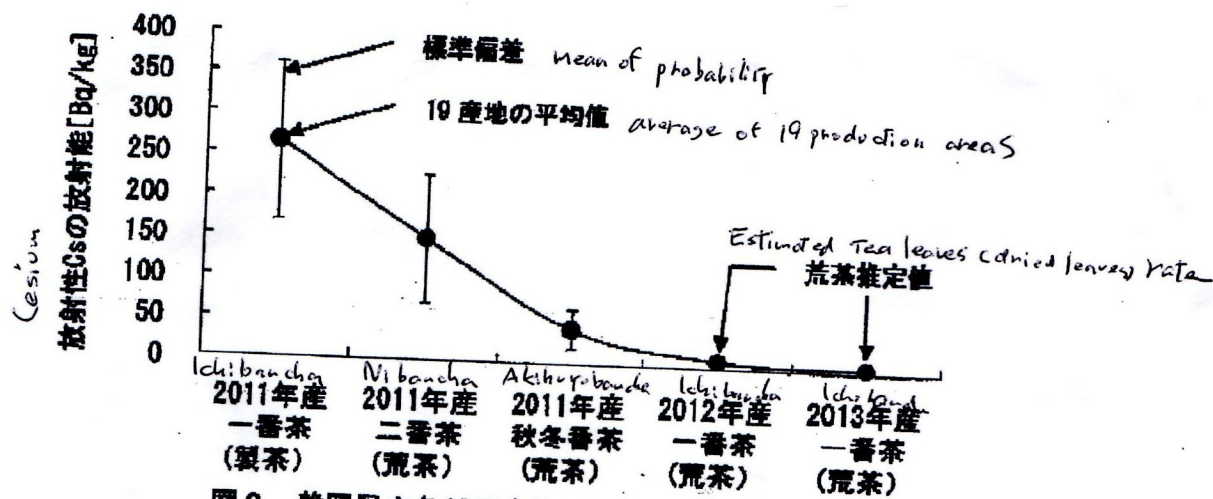


図2 静岡県内各19茶産地のセシウム含有量の推移

Average of 19 production areas in Sizuoka prefecture's cesium

The technical safety measurement for effectively decreasing radiation

Many people ask why in Sizuoka prefecture 350Km apart from Fukushima prefecture and the radiation from Fukushima was inspected. The reason is the cesium scattered from hydrogen explosion of nuclear plant of Fukushima (March) was on the air current and dropped from air and the cesium as attached on the old tea buds and when the new shoot was grown (in April), the cesium has move to from old buds to new shoot.

The safety measurement to decrease the cesium in the tea was done by Sizuoka prefecture research center engaged and accumulated the research results and made technical direction reference and let the tea farmers control and managed completely their tea garden.